

Co-funded by the **Erasmus+ Programme** of the European Union





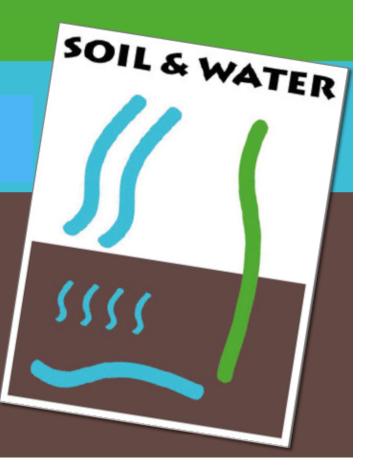
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EIII Estonian University of Life Sciences

Erasmus+ Strategic Partnership

The Educational Network on Soil and Plant Ecology and Management



What is an Erasmus+ Strategic Partnership?

- Partnership between different European Universities (+ sometimes enterprises)
- Part of internationalization strategies
- Improvement of overall quality of education and research
- 3 years funding for different activities and "Intellectual Outputs"



ulm university universität

Soil science Root ecology Wetland ecology Soil zoology Effects of soil degradation on soil organisms

EduSaPMan



Jihočeská univerzita v Českých Budějovicích University of South Bohemia in České Budějovice

Ecosystem Biology Microbial processes in different soil types Wetland ecology and constructed wetlands Hydrobiology



Eesti Maaülikool

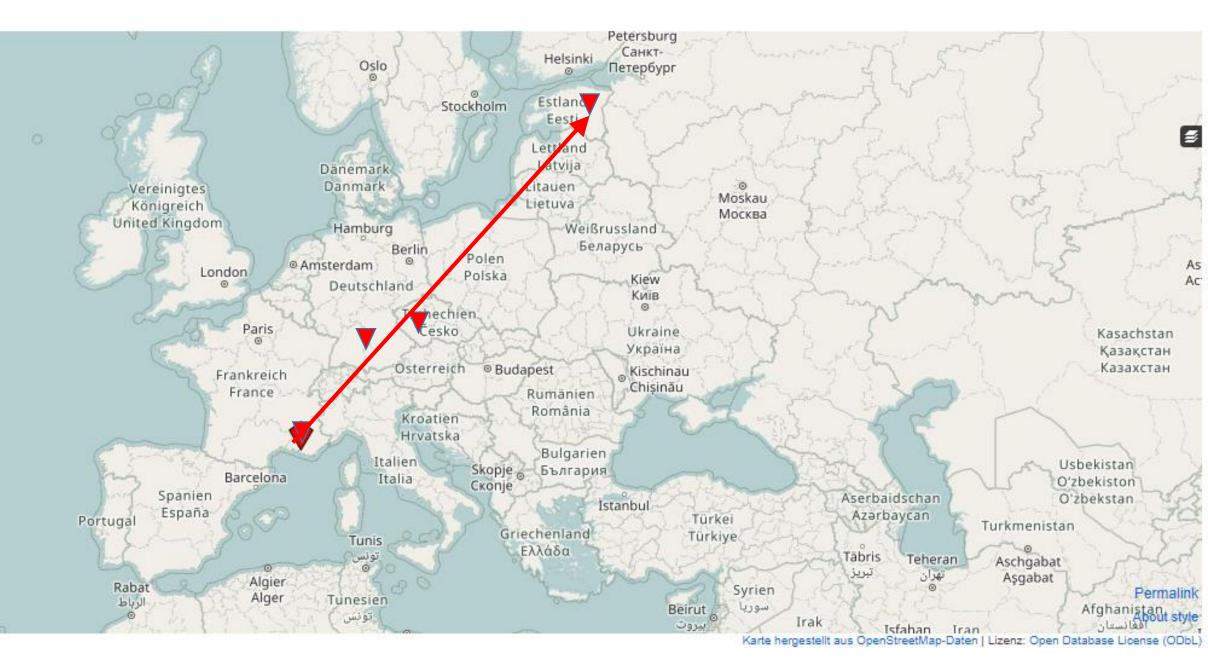
Plant stress ecophysiology Soil-plant-atmosphere continuum Soil degredation Protection and sustainable use of soils



Functional ecology

Terrestrial and aquatic Mediterranean environment Gas exchange between the atmosphere and plants Global change Plants under drought

Eva Keppner - Ulm University - "EduSaPMan"



Eva Keppner - Ulm University - "EduSaPMan"

Intellectual Outputs

- WP1: Summer School "Soil & Water"
- WP2: Continuation of a jointly managed teaching module and agreement on a list of automatically accepted modules for regular exchange/student exchange between all partners.
- WP3: Enhancing teaching and networking potential for teachers
- WP4: Transposing the educational network into future research and teaching activities.

"Intellectual Outputs"

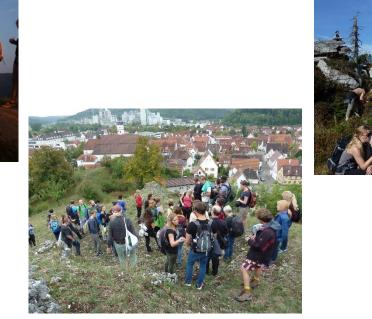
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Summer Schools







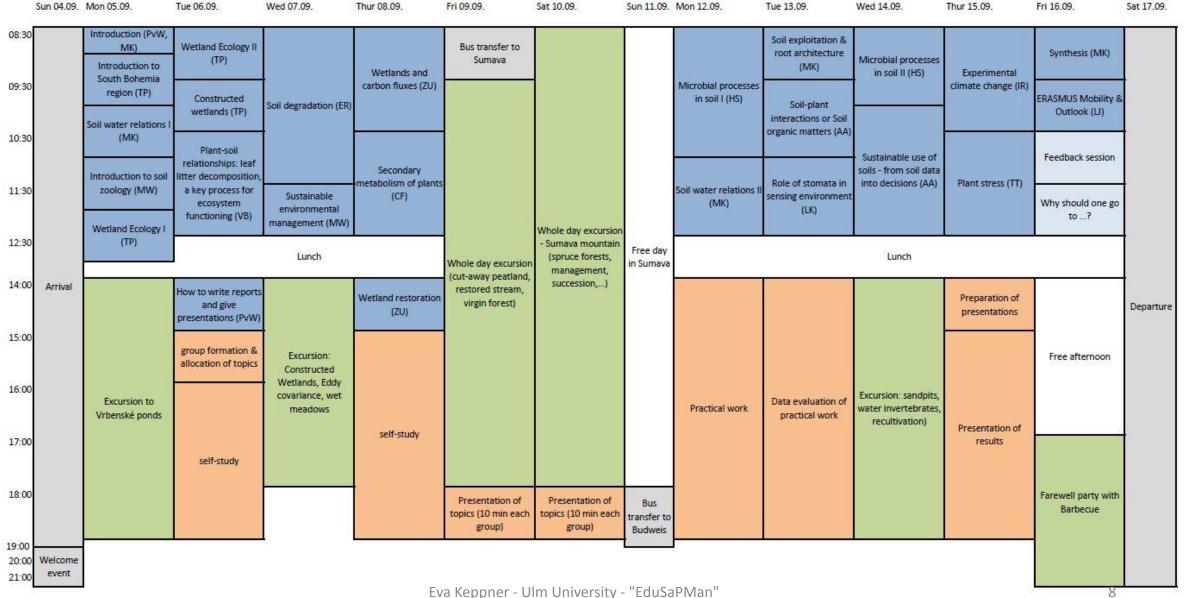




Eva Keppner - Ulm University - "EduSaPMan"

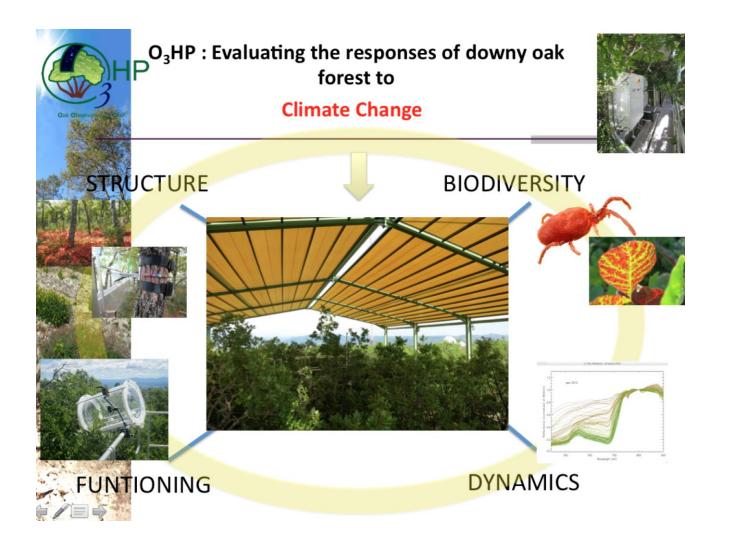
Schedule of the Summer School "Soil & Water" 2016





Eva Keppner - Ulm University - "EduSaPMan"

Summer Schools – Lectures



Research Facilities/Institutions

Summer Schools - Lectures

Pinus halepensis: plant species producing high amount of Plant Secondary Metabolites (PSM)

Three ways of release

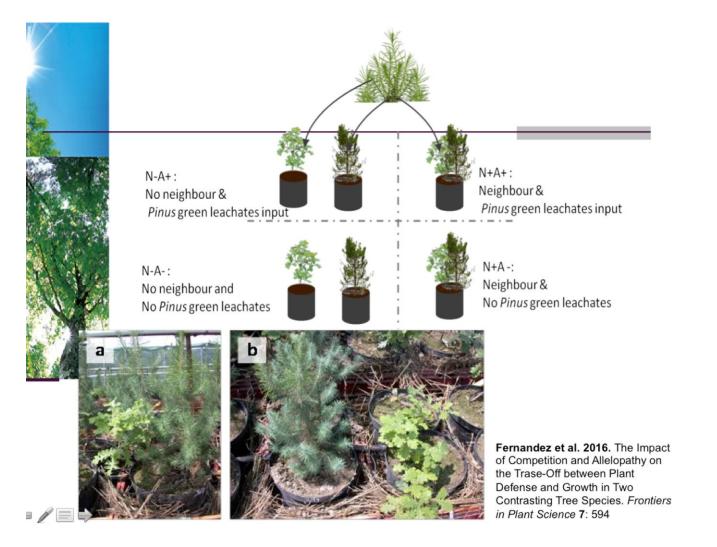
Biogeocher → Leaf litte

Biosphere atmosphere relationship →Volatilization

Biotic interactions →Leachates, Root exudates

Biogeochemical cycles →Leaf litter decomposition Basic Knowledge e.g. on Plant Secondary Metabolites

Summer Schools - Lectures



Up-to-date research results

Eva Keppner - Ulm University - Project "EduSaPMan"

Summer Schools - Projects

Allelopathy experiment realizable in less than two weeks time!



- Allelopathy Bioassay in Petri dishes
- Experimental Design of allelopathy process
- Donor plant: young Pinus halepensis
- Needles macerates
- Different target species (seeds)
- Measured parameters after one week (germination rates, size of seedlings)
- Statistical analyses

Consortium

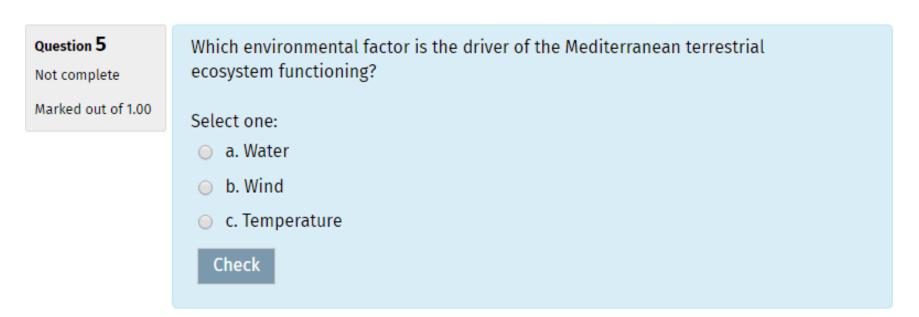


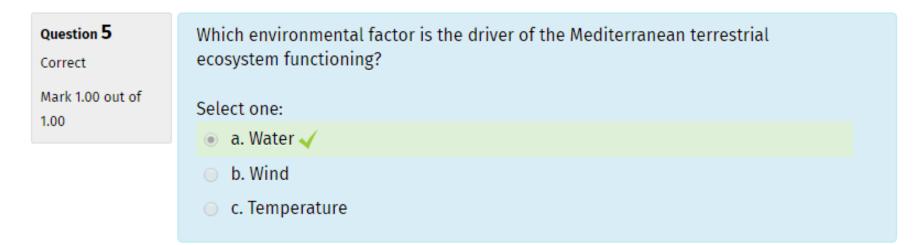
How can you benefit?

- Online available teaching material (Including Video-Lectures)
- Online available project descriptions
- Online available guides for excursions around the aforementioned areas

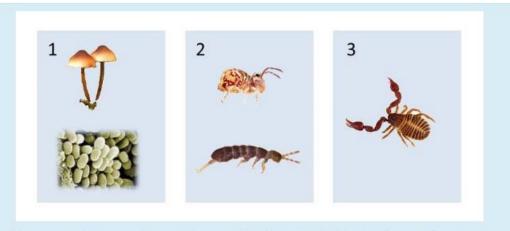
<u>https://www.uni-ulm.de/nawi/nawi-edusapman/</u>

Intellectual Output 3 Virtual Learning Aid





Question 1 Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



Please, match the numbers to the organisms' role in the food chain associated to leaf litter.

2

v

v

.

Mesofauna, detritivorous, able to feed on decomposed litter, mainly microorganisms and small pieces of leaves

Predators of mesofauna

Decomposers, able to remineralize the organic matter

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Mesofauna, detritivorous, able to feed on decomposed litter, mainly microorganisms and small pieces of leaves – 2, Predators of mesofauna – 3, Decomposers, able to remineralize the organic matter – 1 Eva Keppner – Ulm University – "EduSaPMan"

Question 21 Please match the terms with the definitions. Not complete Chemical substances secreted by plants which can affect the Choose... Marked out of 2.00 v growth, behavior and population biology of other live beings. Any direct or indirect effect by one plant, including microorganisms, on another through the production of chemical compounds that escape into the environment and Choose... subsequently influence the growth and development of Choose... neighbouring plants t includes both inhibitory and Allelopathy stimulative reciprocal biochemical interactions. Abiotic stress Allelochemicals Check

Question 21 Correct Mark 2.00 out of 2.00

Please match the terms with the definitions.

Chemical substances secreted by plants which can affect the growth, behavior and population biology of other live beings.

Any direct or indirect effect by one plant, including microorganisms, on another through the production of chemical compounds that escape into the environment and subsequently influence the growth and development of neighbouring plants t includes both inhibitory and stimulative reciprocal biochemical interactions.

Allelochemicals V gs. Allelopathy V

<u>https://www.uni-ulm.de/nawi/nawi-edusapman/work-packages/work-package-1/virtual-learning-aid/</u>



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