# Supply of rare blood in the Czech Republic

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#### Rare blood in Transfusion Service

Two points of view:

- "transfusion scarcity"
  - HFA- negative donors
  - combined homozygosity (= negativity for multiple common antigens)
- "laboratory rarity"
  - as previous

and

- LFA positive rbcs
- Rbcs with variant and weak antigens

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### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- National Rare Donor Registry (1)
  - in ÚHKT from 1963 (Dr.Kout) ... as one of first worldwide (reports about such registries from USA a England)
  - Accepted as National Registry by Ministry of Health in 1965
  - From beginning to 1974 in "paper form"
  - 1974 transfer to computer form /"hall size" computer in Pilsen, later in Prague
  - But there was only one "central computer" and local users – Regional Blood Banks were supplied by printed lists

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#### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- National Rare Donor Registry (2)
  - 1986 Regional Centres of Transfusion Service in the Czech Republic were equipped by Apple computers
  - Database of Rare Donors Registry was transferred to the Apple system and in cooperation with Mathematics Faculty of Charles University specialized software AKTER a ARCHTEX for donor search and intercenter communication were created
  - Communication between Centres in the Czech
    Republic was through regularly sent updated disquettes
  - Transfusion Service in Slovakia did not have Apple system, the communication was therefore still in paper form

#### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- National Rare Donor Registry(3)
  - 90-ies: Apple system not longer perspective need to transfer the Registry to IBM compatible platform
  - again in cooperation with computer staff of MF UK transformation to the dBase format
  - Later in 90-ies new communication system in decentralised Transfusion Service was created – telephone-line based network TransNet
  - New software "Registr" prepared in ÚHKT with two branches:
    - Rare Donors
    - Donors with positive infectious markers



#### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- National Rare Donor Registry(4)
- Actual problems:
  - In rapidly developped computer and communication environment is current systém becoming obsolete
  - New hardware and software requirements
  - Communication will be through internet
  - "Free market" in information system services introduced new problem Regional and Local Transfusion Centres are equipped with different software and "communication incompatibility" must be solved

#### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- Rare blood supply
  - the need of rare blood is evaluated in the National Blood Group Reference Laboratory in ÚHKT Prague
  - local centres with rare donors in their region are called to provide units
  - 2005 in the Central Military Hospital in Prague the Rare Blood Cryo-Program was started
  - -,,high-glycerol" method is used and the Rare Blood CryoBank is now in the ,,filling" period

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#### Rare donors in the Czech Republic

- Current rare blood availability:
  - National Registry:
    - Contact through Ref.Lab.in UHKT /pisacka@uhkt.cz/
    - Cca 5000 donors in the database with combined homozygosity for common antigens in all AB0 groups /predominantly in 0/ in population frequency 1% or less
    - Few HFA- /Co(a-), Yt(a-), Jr(a-), Vel-, k-, K(null), Fy(null)
- CryoBank in the Central Military Hospital:
  - Contact through Ref.Lab.in UHKT /pisacka@uhkt.cz/
  - Few HFA negative units
  - the rarest are 4 Co(a-b-) units imported from Canada
  - Group 0 combined homozygotes reserve is in just beginning

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## Rare blood for laboratory use

- All kinds of "rare" samples
- Rare rbc phenotypes
- Rare antibodies
- Maintained in the National Reference Laboratory for Immunohaematology in ÚHKT
- Obtained also from patient samples tested in the laboratory
- International exchange of rare samples through SCARF cooperation

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### Rare blood for laboratory use

- Storage:
- rbcs: cryokonservation in liquid nitrogen in glucose/saccharose suspension (frozen drops, easy to handle with small amounts/
- antibodies frozen in -20°C freezer

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# Rare blood supply

- Often local/regional supply insufficient
- International cooperation necessary
- Many thanks to Dr. Wagner and Blutspendedienst in Springe and to all other colleagues and also rare donors involved in supply of 8 units of Co(a-) blood which I am bringing on my return to Prague and next week will be used for a complicated cardiosurgery in an anti-Co(a) alloimmunized patient in Brno.

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