



A New Error Correction Scheme for Physical Unclonable Functions

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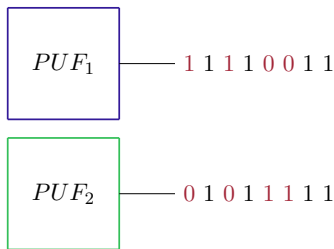
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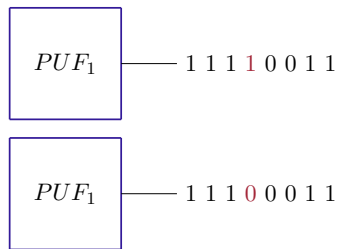
- 1 Physical Unclonable Functions
- 2 Helper Data Algorithms
- 3 New Scheme
- 4 Conclusion

What is a PUF?

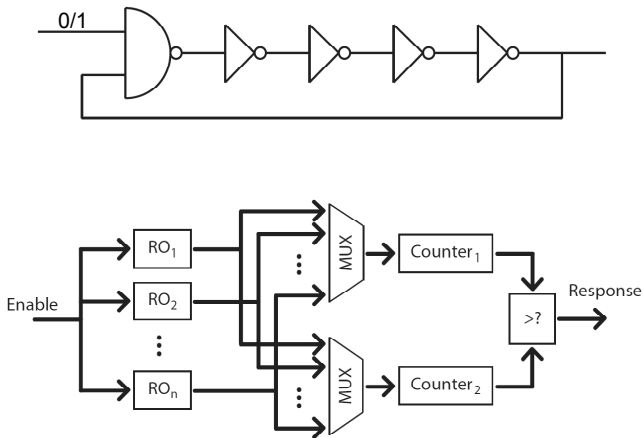
- Physical device from which a reproducible random bit sequence can be extracted



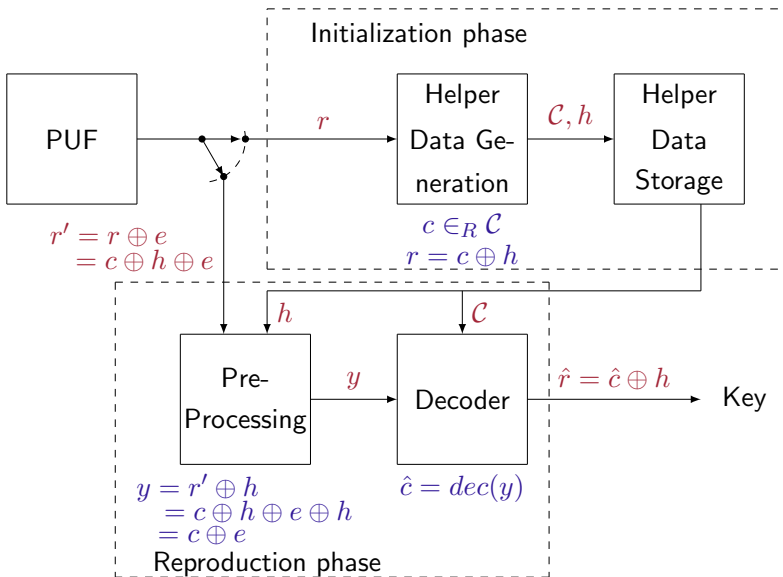
Uniqueness and Unclonability

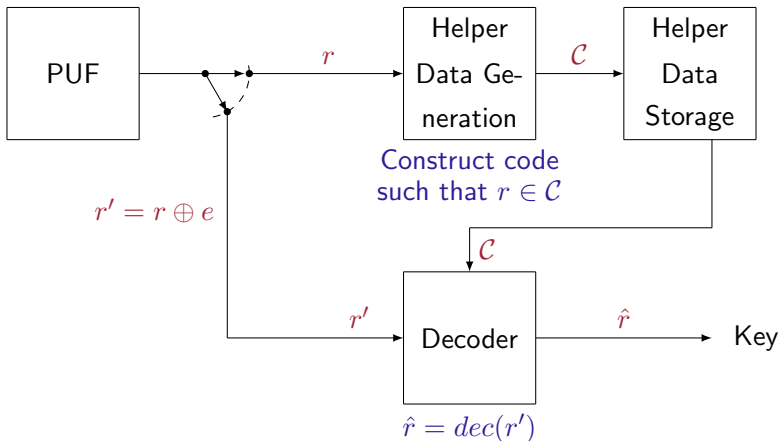


Reproducibility

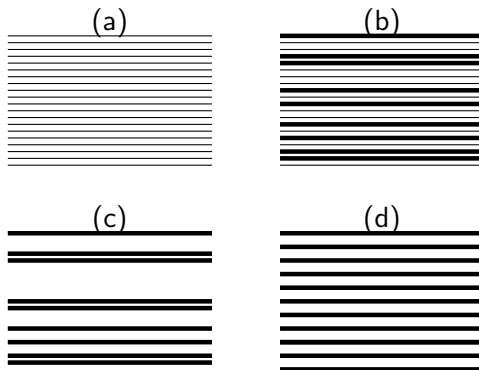


Matthias Hiller, Georg Sigl, and Michael Pehl: A New Model for Estimating Bit Error Probabilities of Ring-Oscillator PUFs





Question: How to generate a code \mathcal{C} , such that $r \in \mathcal{C}$?

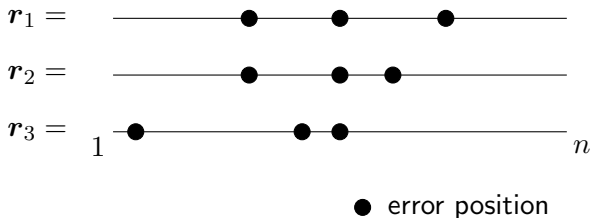


- (a) Generate Code \mathcal{C} based on Euclidean Geometry
- (b) Choose parity check equations, s.t. $r \in \mathcal{C}$
- (c) Delete rest of the parity check equations
- (d) Generate more parity check equations, e.g. by using Projective Geometry or Reed-Solomon Code based construction

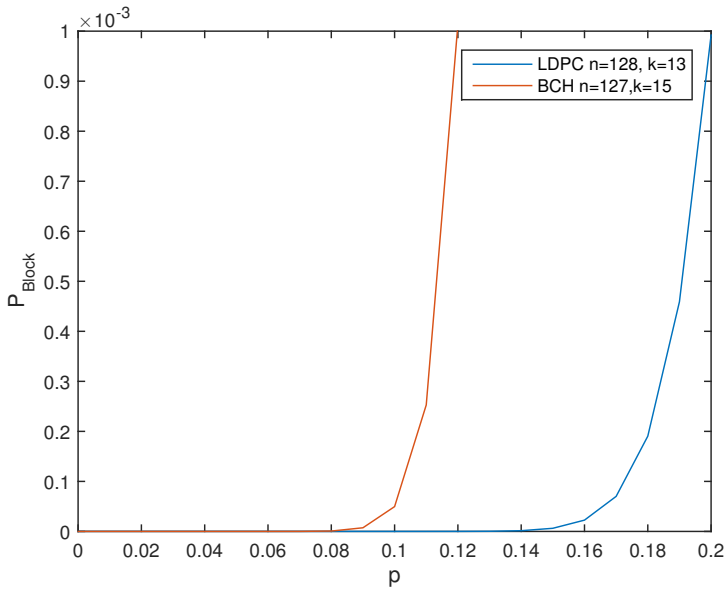
Decoding:

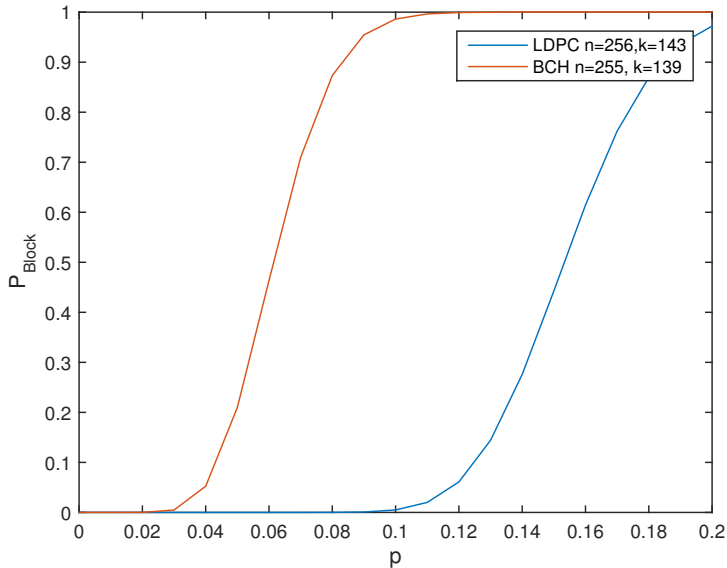
- Iterative bitflip procedure

Multiple readouts:



Obtaining soft information by using $m = 3$ readouts.





Advantages of the scheme:

- Needs only code, no additional helper data
- Scheme with very plain structure
- Memory efficiency
- Decoding in linear time
- Efficient hardware implementation possible

Drawback: Complexity of helper data generation

- happens only once per device
- not necessarily on chip (secure environment)

Future research:

- Construct codes with larger dimension for cryptographic security
- Investigate security issues
- Find additional code classes

Thank you for the attention!