



Institut für Angewandte Analysis  
Universität Ulm  
89069 Ulm

ulm university universität  
**uulm**

Prof. Dr. Wolfgang Arendt  
Prof. Dr. André Schlichting  
Prof. Dr. Anna Dall'Acqua  
Prof. Dr. Rico Zacher

## OBERSEMINAR IM INSTITUT FÜR ANGEWANDTE ANALYSIS Sommersemester 2025

Im Rahmen des Oberseminars spricht am Montag, den **14. Juli 2025**:

**ALEXANDER BRAUN**

### Multicomponent coagulation equation and rouleaux formation

In the first part, we study the cluster coagulation equation introduced by Norris [2] for a broad class of coagulation kernels. The cluster coagulation equation is a multicomponent coagulation equation and generalises Smoluchowski's coagulation equation. It is given by the equation

$$\langle f, \mu_t \rangle = \langle f, \mu_0 \rangle + \int_0^t \langle f, L(\mu_s) \rangle ds \quad (1)$$

with

$$\langle f, L(\mu) \rangle := \frac{1}{2} \int_{E \times E \times E} [f(z) - f(x) - f(y)] K(x, y, dz) \mu(dx) \mu(dy).$$

We present the strategy to prove existence and uniqueness of measure-valued solutions to (1). The proof is based on a truncated version of (1), where we only consider clusters with mass in a compact set  $B \subset (0, \infty)$ . An additional intensity parameter  $\lambda$  is introduced to approximate the coagulation rate between clusters with mass in  $B$  and clusters with mass in  $B^c$ .

In the second part, we introduce a new model to describe the formation of rouleaux in blood. Each rouleau is characterised by its size and certain topological properties. These are summarised in the triple  $(c, a, l) \in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 2} \times \mathbb{N}_{\geq 0} \times \mathbb{N}_{\geq 1}$ , where  $a + 2c = l + 3$ . We consider different types of coagulation processes between rouleaux. Based on Bertoin [1], we outline the idea of the proof for existence and uniqueness of  $C^1$ -solutions to the Arm-Arm coagulation equation, assuming initial concentrations of the form  $\delta_{\{c=2\}} \mu(a)$ , and using generating functions.

For the Cap-Arm coagulation equation, we formally examine when gelation occurs, and derive a PDE satisfied by the generating function.

### References

- [1] J. Bertoin. "Two solvable systems of coagulation equations with limited aggregations". In: *Annales de l'Institut Henri Poincaré C. Analyse Non Linéaire* 26.6 (2009), pp. 2073–2089.
- [2] J. R. Norris. "Cluster Coagulation". In: *Communications in Mathematical Physics* 209.2 (2000), pp. 407–435.

Der Vortrag findet in **Raum E60, Helmholtzstr. 18** statt.

**Beginn: 16 Uhr (s.t.).** Alle Interessierten sind herzlich eingeladen.