

ulm university universität

Dr. Markus Biegert Dipl.Ing. S.O. Akindeinde WS 2009/2010

Applied Analysis Tutorials Submission: Tuesday, 10.11.2009 during the next tutorial class.

Sheet: 4

1. Let T be a map of the metric space (X, ρ) into itself such that for a fixed positive integer n,

$$\rho(T^n x, T^n y) \le \alpha^n \rho(x, y) \ \forall x, y \in X,$$

here α is a positive real number. Show that the function σ defined by

$$\sigma(x,y) := \rho(x,y) + \frac{1}{\alpha}\rho(Tx,Ty) + \frac{1}{\alpha^2}\rho(T^2x,T^2y)... + \frac{1}{\alpha^{n-1}}\rho(T^{n-1}x,T^{n-1}y)$$

is a metric on X and T satisfies

$$\sigma(Tx, Ty) \le \alpha \sigma(x, y) \ \forall x, y \in X.$$

- 2. Find a mapping $T : [0, \infty) \to [0, \infty)$ such that |Tx Ty| < |x y| for all $x, y \in [0, \infty), x \neq y$ and T does not have a fixed point.
- 3. (a) Let X be a metric space and $K \subset X$ be a compact set. Show that K is closed and bounded.
 - (b) Let g be a continuous mapping from a metric space (X, d) to itself. Suppose that $x_0 \in X$. If the sequence (x_n) defined recursively by $g(x_n) = x_{n+1}$ for every $n \in \mathbb{N}$ is convergent, then the limit of this sequence is a fixed point of g.
- 4. Show that \mathbf{c}_{00} is not dense in l^{∞} .