

Corollary 11.5. If $N \sim NNB(\delta, p)$ and $X_1 \sim \text{Bin}(1, r)$,

then $S := X_1 + \dots + X_N \sim \tilde{NB}(\delta, \frac{P}{P+(1-p)r})$.

Proof. $X_i \sim \text{Bin}(1, r) \Rightarrow P[X_i=1]=r, P[X_i=0]=1-r$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_{X_i}(t) = \mathbb{E} e^{tX_i} = r \cdot e^{it} + (1-r)e^{0 \cdot t} = re^{it} + (1-r).$$

Cor. 11.4 implies that

$$\varphi_S(t) = g_N(\varphi_{X_i}(t)) = \left(\frac{P}{1 - (1-p)(1-r+re^{it})} \right)^\delta. \quad (\star)$$

Now, the characteristic function of a $\tilde{NB}(\delta, \frac{P}{P+(1-p)r})$ -distr.

can be computed as follows:

Let $L \sim \tilde{NB}(\delta, q)$, where $q = \frac{P}{P+(1-p)r}$. Then,

$$g_L(t) = \left(\frac{q}{1-(1-q)t} \right)^\delta \quad (\text{see the proof of Cor. 11.4}).$$

It follows that the cher. func. of L is given by

$$\varphi_L(t) = \mathbb{E} e^{ilt} = \mathbb{E} (e^{it})^L = g_L(e^{it}) = \left(\frac{q}{1-(1-q)e^{it}} \right)^\delta. \quad (\star\star)$$

Hence,

$$\varphi_L(t) \stackrel{(\star\star)}{=} \left(\frac{\frac{P}{P+(1-p)r}}{1 - (1 - \frac{P}{P+(1-p)r})e^{it}} \right)^\delta = \left(\frac{P}{P+(1-p)r - (1-p)r e^{it}} \right)^\delta$$

$$= \left(\frac{P}{1 - (1-p)(1-r) - (1-p)r e^{it}} \right)^\delta = \left(\frac{P}{1 - (1-p)(1-r + re^{it})} \right)^\delta$$

$$\stackrel{(\star)}{=} \varphi_S(t). \quad \text{Hence, } S \stackrel{\text{distr.}}{\sim} L. \quad \square$$