

Risk Theory

Exercise Sheet 10

Due to: 6th July 2012

Exercise 1 (6 points)

An insurance policy generates during a year N claims with sizes X_1, X_2, \dots . The assumptions of the collective model are satisfied. The distribution of N is given by

n	0	1	2	3
$\mathbb{P}(N = n)$	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1

The claim sizes X_i have the distribution

x	5	10	20	100
$\mathbb{P}(X = x)$	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1

- (a) Compute the premium for the risk $S = \sum_{k=1}^N X_k$ using the variance principle with $\beta = 1$.
- (b) Compute the net premium (expected payment of the insurer) under the assumption that the insurer covers only 1 claim in a year and that the insurance holder always reports the largest claim $\max_{k=1, \dots, N} X_k$ of those which occurred. If no claims occurred, the insurer pays nothing.

Exercise 2 (3 points)

Let X be a risk having distribution with density $\alpha(1+x)^{-\alpha-1}$, $x > 0$, where $\alpha > 1$ (shifted Pareto distribution). Calculate $\mathbb{E} \max(X - M, 0)$, where $M > 0$.

Exercise 3 (6 points)

Let X be a random variable with finite variance σ^2 . Prove that for $x > 0$,

$$\mathbb{P}[X - \mathbb{E}X \geq x] \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{x^2 + \sigma^2} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbb{P}[|X - \mathbb{E}X| \geq x] \leq \frac{2\sigma^2}{x^2 + \sigma^2}.$$

Under what conditions is the second inequality better than the Chebyshev inequality

$$\mathbb{P}[|X - \mathbb{E}X| \geq x] \leq \frac{\sigma^2}{x^2}?$$

Hint: You can use the Cauchy–Schwarz inequality $(\mathbb{E}(XY))^2 \leq \mathbb{E}(X^2)\mathbb{E}(Y^2)$ without proof. Note that $(x - X) \leq (x - X)1_{X \leq x}$.

Exercise 4 (10 points)

The following table contains the claim sums C_{ik} , the premiums π_i , as well as the Chain-Ladder quotas $\hat{\gamma}_k$ and the Chain-Ladder factors \hat{F}_k for the run-off years 0 until 3. It is assumed that all claims are settled in until the end of the third year of occurrence.

Occurrence year i	Cumulative claim amounts C_{ik} in run-off year k				premium π_i
	0	1	2	3	
2006(=0)	98	180	240	300	350
2007(=1)	99	204	240		350
2008(=2)	103	576			350
2009(=3)	113				350
Factors \hat{F}_k		3.20	1.25	1.25	
Quotas $\hat{\gamma}_k$	0.2	0.64	0.8	1.0	

- (a) Estimate the future claim sizes of the occurrence year 2008 with the Loss Development Method.
- (b) Assume that the value $C_{2,1}$ is an outlier which appeared due to some error in the calculations. Which future claim sizes, calculated with the Chain-Ladder Method, are influenced by the outlier $C_{2,1}$?
- (c) Estimate the global quota $\hat{\kappa}$ of the Cape-Cod Method.
- (d) Estimate the future claim sizes of the occurrence year 2008 with the Cape-Cod Method.