

## Stochastics II Exercise Sheet 13

Deadline: January 28, 2015 at 4pm before the exercises

### Exercise 1 (3+3)

Let  $\{\mathcal{F}_t, t \geq 0\}$  be a filtration on a probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$ . Let  $\tau$  be a stopping time. We define the  $\sigma$ -algebra  $\mathcal{F}_\tau$  by  $\mathcal{F}_\tau = \{B \in \mathcal{F} : B \cap \{\tau \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_t \text{ for each } t \geq 0\}$ . Moreover, let  $S$  and  $T$  be stopping times w.r.t.  $\{\mathcal{F}_t, t \geq 0\}$ . Show the following results:

- a)  $A \cap \{S \leq T\} \in \mathcal{F}_T$  for each  $A \in \mathcal{F}_S$
- b)  $\mathcal{F}_{\min\{S, T\}} = \mathcal{F}_S \cap \mathcal{F}_T$

### Exercise 2 (2)

Let  $\{X_t, t \geq 0\}$  be a martingale. Show that  $\mathbb{E}X_t = \mathbb{E}X_0$  for each  $t \geq 0$ .

### Exercise 3 (4+4)

- a) Let  $\{X_t, t \geq 0\}$  be an inhomogeneous Poisson process with intensity function  $\lambda_t \geq 0$  for each  $t \geq 0$ . Define the process  $\{Y_t, t \geq 0\}$  by  $Y_t = X_t - \int_0^t \lambda(s) ds$ . Show that  $\{Y_t, t \geq 0\}$  is a martingale with respect to the intrinsic filtration  $\{\mathcal{F}_t^X\}$ .

*Remark: Recall that an inhomogeneous Poisson process is a Cox process where the intensity function  $\lambda_t$  is deterministic.*

- b) Let  $\{X_t, t \geq 0\}$  be a Lévy process with  $\mathbb{E}|X_1| < \infty$ . Define the process  $\{Y_t, t \geq 0\}$  by  $Y_t = X_t - t\mathbb{E}X_1$ . Show that  $\{Y_t, t \geq 0\}$  is a martingale with respect to the intrinsic filtration  $\{\mathcal{F}_t^X\}$ .

### Exercise 4 (4 extra points)

Let  $X$  be a random variable with  $\mathbb{E}|X| < \infty$  and let  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  be a sequence of random variables with  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbb{E}|X_n - X| = 0$ . Show that  $\{X_n, n \geq 1\}$  is uniformly integrable.