NURBITAT OF COMPOSITION

ulm university universität

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# Stochastics III Extra Problem Sheet (Reading Course Material)

Regarding all exercises: Use R only as a calculator, not for doing all the work!

## Exercise 1

In a biological study the weight of 20 rats has been determined:

356.4	362.5	394.7	356.0	387.6
305.1	385.1	383.2	346.6	314.2
394.8	370.8	434.2	365.2	377.1
365.9	384.4	297.4	404.3	412.0

You can download the data in the file *rats.txt* from the course website.

- a) Suppose it is known that the weight of this type of rat is usually normally distributed with mean  $\mu_0 = 370$  grams and standard deviation  $\sigma_0 = 27$  grams. Conduct a test for the hypothesis that the weight of the animals in the sample above is  $N(\mu_0, \sigma_0^2)$ distributed, using the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test with significance level  $\alpha = 0.05$ .
- b) Plot the empirical distribution function of the sample above together with the distribution function of the normal distribution from a).

*Hint:* It is  $s_{20,0.95} = 1.315$ .

### Exercise 2

The following numbers of calls have been registered in a hotel center in 50 time intervals of 15 minutes (each):

Number $k$ of calls	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	> 10
Number of time intervals with $k$ calls	1	6	8	10	6	6	7	1	1	2	2	0

Use a  $\chi^2$  test to test whether the number of calls within 15 minutes is Poisson-distributed with parameter  $\lambda = 3$  with a significance level of  $\alpha = 0.01$ . Choose the partition such that  $np_{0,j} \geq 8$  for each class  $j = 1, \ldots, r$ .

### Exercise 3

Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be a sequence of independent and identically Bin(1, p)-distributed random variables with  $p \in (0, 1)$ .

- a) Show that the distribution of  $D_n = \sup_{t \in \mathbb{R}} \left| \widehat{F}(t; x_1, \dots, x_n) F_0(t) \right|$  depends on p for every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .
- b) Show that the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{n}D_n$  depends on p as well.

#### Exercise 4

The following data, which can be downloaded in the file *steel.txt* from the course website, contains the tensile strength of 30 steel panels (in  $kg/mm^2$ ):

42.844.042.840.841.444.443.944.042.244.843.342.544.745.842.045.241.143.843.543.842.943.741.4 42.645.044.541.645.844.343.5

- a) Use Pearson's  $\chi^2$  test to verify whether the tensile strength is normally distributed with mean 45 and variance 4 with significance level  $\alpha = 0.05$ . Partition the data into 4 classes such that  $p_{0,1} = p_{0,2} = p_{0,3} = p_{0,4} = 0.25$ .
- b) Test whether the data follow a normal distribution (with unspecified parameters) using the  $\chi^2$  test of Pearson-Fisher and a significance level of  $\alpha = 0.05$ . Partition the data into classes of 6 elements.